

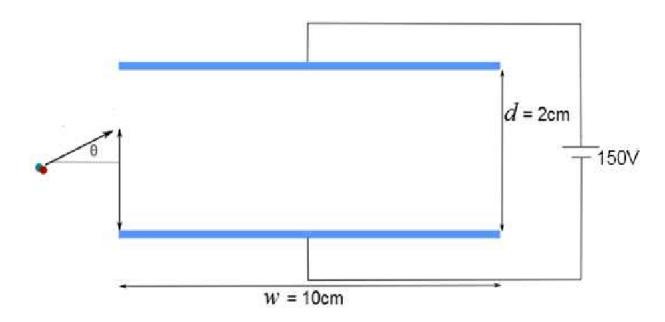
## Microwave Engineering CSE311 BNU



## **Sheet (04)**



A proton is fired at a velocity of  $5 * 10^6$  m/s an angle  $\theta$  between two charged plates within a conventional tube with a separation of 2cm and a length of 10cm and a potential difference of 150V. The charge enters the field in the middle of the plates, as shown in the figure below. Get the expressions describing the trajectory of proton if the mass of the proton  $1.6*10^{-27}$ kg. The charge of proton is  $1.6*10^{-19}$ .



m = 1.6x1077 Kg Toll seed Jora Tison 9=1.6x1019 v = 5x106 E= 150V d = 2 cm 3 dx = NCOO  $1 \frac{dy}{dt} = N_0 s in 0$  $\rightarrow F = m \frac{dx}{dt} = f_{x=0}$  $\frac{dx}{dt^2} = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = Q = V_0 \cos \theta + 0$ at 4=0 X=0 = Crso × = (Vo cso) + + C2 ~ ( X= ( Co Coso) t

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} = 9\vec{E} = -9\vec{E}_{gy} = -9(\vec{y})$$

$$= m d^{3}y = -9v 
dt = -9v$$

From 
$$X \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} = \frac{X}{V_0 Cos \theta}$$

in  $Y = \frac{qV}{2md} \left[ \frac{X}{V_0 Cos \theta} \right]^2 + (V_0 SSO) \frac{X}{g_0 Cos \theta}$ 

$$= \frac{qV}{2mdV_0^2 cos^2 \theta} + \frac{X}{4m\theta}$$

$$= \frac{1.6X_0^{19} \times 150}{2X_0 (6X_0^{12} + 2X_0^{12} \times 50)^2 cos^2 \theta}$$

$$Y = \frac{2X_0 (6X_0^{12} + 2X_0^{12} \times 50)^2 cos^2 \theta}{(6S^2 \theta)^2 cos^2 \theta}$$

$$Y = \frac{2X_0 (6X_0^{12} + 2X_0^{12} \times 50)^2 cos^2 \theta}{(6S^2 \theta)^2 cos^2 \theta}$$

## Thank, you for your attention